

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) In a computing device, a method comprising:
 - providing a first function in a first programming language;
 - deriving a definition of the first function;
 - creating description information about the first function using the definition of the first function;
 - translating the first function in the first programming language into a corresponding function in a second programming language using the definition of the first function;
 - generating a function library containing the corresponding function in the second programming language and the description information;
 - storing the function library;
 - translating a first file in the first programming language to a corresponding file in the second programming language, the first file comprising one or more calls to the first function, the translating comprising:
 - accessing the description information about the first function for each of the one or more calls to the first function; and
 - using the description information to create each call to the corresponding function in the second programming language while avoiding accessing the first function.
2. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising: storing the description information in a file of description items.
3. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein creating description information about the function comprises: examining the definition of the function associated with the first programming language; and deriving information about the function.
4. (Cancelled)
5. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising: storing a translated function in the second programming language in a library of entries.

6. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, in which creating description information about the function comprises: deriving a number of declared formal inputs to the function.

7. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, in which creating description information about the function comprises: deriving a number of declared formal outputs to the function.

8. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, in which creating description information about the function comprises: deriving a scope of the function.

9. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, in which creating description information about the function comprises: determining whether the function accepts a variable number of arguments.

10. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, in creating description information about the function comprises: determining whether the function returns a variable number of results.

11. – 20. (Canceled)

21. (Currently Amended) In a computing device, a method comprising:

providing a library file including functions defined by a first programming language;

creating a function library ~~and a description file from the library file~~, the function library including one or more functions defined by a second programming language, each function in the function library being a translated version of a function in the library file; ~~and~~

~~creating a description file from the library file~~, the description file including description information about each function in the library file, the description information enabling translation of a call to the function in the first programming language into a call to a corresponding function in the second programming language while avoiding accessing the function in the first programming language for each translation;

~~storing the function library and the description file;~~ and

~~using the description file to translate~~ translating a program file from the first programming language into the second programming language ~~using the description file~~, the

program file in the first programming language comprising one or more calls to a function in the library file, translating comprising:

retrieving the description information for the function from the library file,
examining the description information for the function to determine a
corresponding function in the second programming language,
calling the corresponding function in the second programming language from the
function library, and
translating each call to the function in the first programming language into a call
to a corresponding function in the second programming language.

22. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 21, wherein creating a function library comprises: translating the call to each function in the library file into a call to a corresponding function in the second programming language.

23. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 21, wherein creating a description file comprises:

examining the definition of each function in the library file; and
deriving information about each function.

24. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 23, further comprising: using the derived information about each function to create description information; and creating a description file including description information about each function in the library file.

25. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 21, wherein using the description file comprises: for each call in the program file to a function in the library file, retrieving the description information about the function from the description file; and using the description information to translate the call to the function in the first programming language into a call to a corresponding function in the second programming language.

26. (Original) The method of claim 21, wherein using the description file comprises: generating a call through a function evaluation interface for the function if the description information includes a descriptor identifying an acceptance of a variable input argument list into the

function.

27. (Original) The method of claim 21, wherein using the description file comprises: generating a call through a function evaluation interface for the function if the description information includes a descriptor identifying a return of a variable output argument list from the function.

28. (Original) The method of claim 21, wherein using the description file comprises: generating a call through a normal interface for the function if the description information includes a descriptor identifying a known number of input and output arguments to the function.

29. (Currently Amended) A computer program product, tangibly stored on a computer-readable medium, for creating a data file, the product comprising instructions operable to cause a programmable processor to:

- obtain a first function in a first programming language;

- derive a definition of the first function;

- create description information about the first function using the definition of the first function;

- translate the first function in the first programming language into a corresponding function in a second programming language using the definition of the first function;

- generate a function library containing the corresponding function in the second programming language ~~and the description information;~~

- store the function library;

- translate a first file in the first programming language to a corresponding file in the second programming language, the first file comprising one or more calls to the first function, said translating causing the processor to:

- access the description information about the first function for each of the one or more calls to the first function; and

- use the description information to create a call to the corresponding function in the second programming language while avoiding accessing the first function .

30. (Original) The product of claim 29, further comprising instructions operable to cause a programmable processor to: store the description information in a file of description items.

31. (Previously Presented) The product of claim 29, wherein creating description information comprises: examining the definition of the function associated with the first programming language; and deriving information about the function.

32. (Original) The product of claim 31, further comprising instructions operable to cause a programmable processor to: use the derived information to create the description information.

33. (Cancelled)

34. (Previously Presented) The product of claim 29, in which creating description information comprises: deriving a number of declared formal inputs to the function.

35. (Previously Presented) The product of claim 29, in which creating description information comprises: deriving a number of declared formal outputs to the function.

36. (Previously Presented) The product of claim 29, in which creating description information comprises: deriving a scope of the function.

37. (Previously Presented) The product of claim 29, in which creating description information comprises: determining whether the function accepts a variable number of arguments.

38. (Previously Presented) The product of claim 29, in which creating description information comprises: determining whether the function returns a variable number of results.

39. – 48. (Canceled)

49. (Currently Amended) A computer program product, tangibly stored on a computer-readable medium, for translating function calls, the product comprising instructions operable to cause a programmable processor to:

provide a library file including functions defined by a first programming language;

create a function library ~~and a description file from the library file~~, the function library including one or more functions defined by a second programming language, each function in the function library being a translated version of a function in the library file; ~~and~~

~~create the description file from the library file, the description file including description information about each function in the library file, the description information enabling translation of a call to the function in the first programming language into a call to a corresponding function in the second programming language in a manner that avoids accessing the function in the first programming language for each translation;~~

~~store the function library and the description file in a storage; and~~

~~use the description file to translate a program file from the first programming language into the second programming language use the description file, the program file in the first programming language comprising one or more calls to a function in the library file, translating causing the processor to:~~

~~retrieve the description information for the function from the library file,~~

~~examine the description information for the function to determine a~~

~~corresponding function in the second programming language,~~

~~call the corresponding function in the second programming language from the function library, and~~

~~translate~~translating each call to the function in the first programming language into a call to a corresponding function in the second programming language.

50. (Previously Presented) The product of claim 49, wherein creating a function library comprises: translating the call to each function in the library file into a call to a corresponding function in the second programming language.

51. (Original) The product of claim 49, wherein creating a description file comprises: examining the definition of each function in the library file; and deriving information about each function.

52. (Original) The product of claim 51, further comprising: using the derived information about each function to create the description information; and creating a description file including description information about each function in the library file.

53. (Original) The product of claim 49, wherein using the description file comprises: for each call in the program file to a function in the library file, retrieving the description information about the function from the description file; and using the description information to translate the call to the function in the first language into a call to a corresponding function in the second language.

54. (Original) The product of claim 49, wherein using the description file comprises: generating a call through a function evaluation interface for the function if the description information includes a descriptor identifying an acceptance of a variable input argument list into the function.

55. (Original) The product of claim 49, wherein using the description file comprises: generating a call through a function evaluation interface for the function if the description information includes a descriptor identifying a return of a variable output argument list from the function.

56. (Original) The product of claim 49, wherein using the description file comprises: generating a call through a normal interface for the function if the description information includes a descriptor identifying a known number of input and output arguments to the function.